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12 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**  
13 **CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

14 Gabriel C Barrera,

15 Plaintiff,

16 v.

17 FCA US, LLC; and DOES 1 through

18 10, inclusive,

19 Defendants.

Case No. 2:24-cv-11110-RGK-E

**STIPULATED PROTECTIVE  
ORDER**

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

Discovery in this action is likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the Court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 12.3, below, that this Stipulated Protective Order does not entitle them to file confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

1.2. GOOD CAUSE STATEMENT

This action is likely to involve confidential, commercially sensitive, and/or proprietary information. Such confidential and proprietary materials and information consist of, among other things, confidential business or financial information, information regarding confidential business practices, or other confidential research, development, or commercial information (including information implicating privacy rights of third parties), information otherwise generally unavailable to the public, or which may be privileged or otherwise protected from disclosure under state or federal statutes, court rules, case decisions, or common law. Accordingly, to expedite the flow of information, to facilitate the prompt resolution of disputes over confidentiality of discovery materials, to adequately protect information the parties are entitled to keep confidential, to ensure that the parties are permitted reasonable necessary uses of such material in

1 preparation for and in the conduct of trial, to address their handling at the end of the  
2 litigation, and serve the ends of justice, a protective order for such information is  
3 justified in this matter. It is the intent of the parties that information will not be  
4 designated as confidential for tactical reasons and that nothing be so designated  
5 without a good faith belief that it has been maintained in a confidential, non-public  
6 manner, and there is good cause why it should not be part of the public record of  
7 this case.

## 8 2. DEFINITIONS

9 2.1 Action: Gabriel C Barrera v. FCA US, LLC et al, Case No. 2:24-cv-  
10 11110-RGK-E.

11 2.2 Challenging Party: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the  
12 designation of information or items under this Order.

13 2.3 “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items: information (regardless of  
14 how it is generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for  
15 protection under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c), and as specified above in  
16 the Good Cause Statement.

17 2.4 Counsel: Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as well as  
18 their support staff).

19 2.5 Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or  
20 items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as  
21 “CONFIDENTIAL.”

22 2.6 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless  
23 of the medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including,  
24 among other things, testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or  
25 generated in disclosures or responses to discovery in this matter.

26 2.7 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a  
27 matter pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to  
28 serve as an expert witness or as a consultant in this Action.

1       2.8       House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this Action.  
2 House Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside  
3 counsel.

4       2.9       Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association,  
5 or other legal entity not named as a Party to this action.

6       2.10      Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a  
7 party to this Action but are retained to represent or advise a party to this Action and  
8 have appeared in this Action on behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm  
9 which has appeared on behalf of that party, and includes support staff.

10      2.11      Party: any party to this Action, including all of its officers, directors,  
11 employees, consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their  
12 support staffs).

13      2.12      Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or  
14 Discovery Material in this Action.

15      2.13      Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation  
16 support services (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or  
17 demonstrations, and organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium)  
18 and their employees and subcontractors.

19      2.14      Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is  
20 designated as “CONFIDENTIAL.”

21      2.15      Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material  
22 from a Producing Party.

23      3.       SCOPE

24               The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only  
25 Protected Material (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or  
26 extracted from Protected Material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or  
27 compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or  
28 presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material. Any

1 use of Protected Material at trial will be governed by the orders of the trial judge.  
2 This Order does not govern the use of Protected Material at trial.

3 4. DURATION

4 Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations  
5 imposed by this Order will remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees  
6 otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs. Final disposition will be  
7 deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and defenses in this Action,  
8 with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion and  
9 exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this Action,  
10 including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time  
11 pursuant to applicable law.

12 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

13 5.1. Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection.

14 Each Party or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection  
15 under this Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material  
16 that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The Designating Party must  
17 designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or  
18 written communications that qualify so that other portions of the material,  
19 documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not  
20 swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

21 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations  
22 that are shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper  
23 purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber the case development process or to impose  
24 unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Designating  
25 Party to sanctions.

26 If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it  
27 designated for protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must  
28 promptly notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing the inapplicable designation.

1       5.2. Except as otherwise provided in this Order, Disclosure or Discovery  
2 Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated  
3 before the material is disclosed or produced.

4           Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

5               (a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic  
6 documents, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial  
7 proceedings), that the Producing Party affix at a minimum, the legend  
8 “CONFIDENTIAL” (hereinafter “CONFIDENTIAL legend”), to each page that  
9 contains protected material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page  
10 qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected  
11 portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

12           A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents available for inspection  
13 need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated  
14 which documents it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and  
15 before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection will be  
16 deemed “CONFIDENTIAL.” After the inspecting Party has identified the  
17 documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine  
18 which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then,  
19 before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the  
20 “CONFIDENTIAL legend” to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a  
21 portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing  
22 Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate  
23 markings in the margins).

24               (b) for testimony given in depositions that the Designating Party  
25 identify the Disclosure or Discovery Material on the record, before the close of the  
26 deposition all protected testimony.

27               (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and  
28 for any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on

1 the exterior of the container or containers in which the information is stored the  
2 legend “CONFIDENTIAL.” If only a portion or portions of the information  
3 warrants protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, will identify the  
4 protected portion(s).

5 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent  
6 failure to designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the  
7 Designating Party’s right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon  
8 timely correction of a designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts  
9 to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

## 10 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

11 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a  
12 designation of confidentiality at any time that is consistent with the Court’s  
13 Scheduling Order.

14 6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party will initiate the dispute  
15 resolution process under Local Rule 37.1 et seq.

16 6.3 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding will be on  
17 the Designating Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose  
18 (e.g., to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may  
19 expose the Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless the Designating Party has waived  
20 or withdrawn the confidentiality designation, all parties will continue to afford the  
21 material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing  
22 Party’s designation until the Court rules on the challenge.

## 23 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

24 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is  
25 disclosed or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this  
26 Action only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this Action. Such  
27 Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the  
28 conditions described in this Order. When the Action has been terminated, a Receiving



1 Party must comply with the provisions of section 13 below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

2 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a  
3 location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons  
4 authorized under this Order.

5 7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless  
6 otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a  
7 Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated  
8 "CONFIDENTIAL" only to:

9 (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this Action, as  
10 well as employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably  
11 necessary to disclose the information for this Action;

12 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel)  
13 of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action;

14 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom  
15 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have signed the  
16 "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

17 (d) the Court and its personnel;

18 (e) court reporters and their staff;

19 (f) professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and Professional  
20 Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have  
21 signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

22 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the  
23 information or a custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew  
24 the information;

25 (h) during their depositions, witnesses, and attorneys for witnesses, in  
26 the Action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary provided: (1) the deposing  
27 party requests that the witness sign the form attached as Exhibit A hereto; and (2)  
28 they will not be permitted to keep any confidential information unless they sign the



1 “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A), unless otherwise  
2 agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of transcribed  
3 deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material may  
4 be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone  
5 except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order; and

6 (i) any mediator or settlement officer, and their supporting personnel,  
7 mutually agreed upon by any of the parties engaged in settlement discussions.

8 8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED  
9 IN OTHER LITIGATION

10 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation  
11 that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this Action as  
12 “CONFIDENTIAL,” that Party must:

13 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification  
14 will include a copy of the subpoena or court order;

15 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or  
16 order to issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the  
17 subpoena or order is subject to this Protective Order. Such notification will include  
18 a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order; and

19 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be  
20 pursued by the Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected. If the  
21 Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the  
22 subpoena or court order will not produce any information designated in this action  
23 as “CONFIDENTIAL” before a determination by the court from which the  
24 subpoena or order issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party’s  
25 permission. The Designating Party will bear the burden and expense of seeking  
26 protection in that court of its confidential material and nothing in these provisions  
27 should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this Action  
28 to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

1 9. A NON-PARTY'S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE  
2 PRODUCED IN THIS LITIGATION

3 (a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by  
4 a Non-Party in this Action and designated as "CONFIDENTIAL." Such  
5 information produced by Non-Parties in connection with this litigation is protected  
6 by the remedies and relief provided by this Order. Nothing in these provisions  
7 should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional protections.

8 (b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request,  
9 to produce a Non-Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is  
10 subject to an agreement with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's  
11 confidential information, then the Party will:

12 (1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the  
13 Non-Party that some or all of the information requested is subject to a  
14 confidentiality agreement with a Non-Party;

15 (2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the  
16 Stipulated Protective Order in this Action, the relevant discovery request(s), and a  
17 reasonably specific description of the information requested; and

18 (3) make the information requested available for inspection by  
19 the Non-Party, if requested.

20 (c) If the Non-Party fails to seek a protective order from this court  
21 within 14 days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the  
22 Receiving Party may produce the Non-Party's confidential information responsive  
23 to the discovery request. If the Non-Party timely seeks a protective order, the  
24 Receiving Party shall not produce any information in its possession or control that  
25 is subject to the confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a  
26 determination by the court. Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-Party  
27 shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in this court of its  
28 Protected Material.

10. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

11. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED MATERIAL

When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for production without prior privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a communication or information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order submitted to the court.

12. MISCELLANEOUS

12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to seek its modification by the Court in the future.

12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any

1 ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.

2 12.3 Filing Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any  
3 Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5. Protected Material may  
4 only be filed under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the specific  
5 Protected Material at issue. If a Party's request to file Protected Material under seal is  
6 denied by the court, then the Receiving Party may file the information in the public  
7 record unless otherwise instructed by the court.

8 13. FINAL DISPOSITION

9 After the final disposition of this Action, as defined in paragraph 4, within  
10 60 days of a written request by the Designating Party, each Receiving Party must  
11 return all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such material. As  
12 used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts,  
13 compilations, summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the  
14 Protected Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the  
15 Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if  
16 not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the 60 day deadline that  
17 (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was  
18 returned or destroyed and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any  
19 copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or  
20 capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel  
21 are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial,  
22 deposition, and hearing transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition  
23 and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert  
24 work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival  
25 copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this  
26 Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION).

27 14. Any willful violation of this Order may be punished by civil or criminal  
28 contempt proceedings, financial or evidentiary sanctions, reference to disciplinary

1 authorities, or other appropriate action at the discretion of the Court.

2  
3  
4 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

5  
6 **STRATEGIC LEGAL PRACTICES, APC**

7  
8 DATED: April 21, 2025

9 /s/Elizabeth Larocque  
10 Elizabeth Larocque  
Attorneys for Plaintiff,  
Gabriel C Barrera

11 **PARK LAWLESS & TREMONTI, LLP**

12 DATED: April 21, 2025

13 /s/ Steven D. Park  
14 STEVEN D. PARK  
Attorneys for Defendant,  
15 FCA US, LLC

16  
17 FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN, IT IS SO ORDERED.

18  
19  
20 DATED: 4/22/25



21 HON. Charles F. Eick  
22 United States Magistrate Judge  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28

EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, \_\_\_\_\_[print or type full name], of \_\_\_\_\_[print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for the Central District of California on \_\_\_\_\_[date] in the case of Gabriel C Barrera v. FCA US, LLC et al, Case No. 2:24-cv-11110-RGK-E. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order. I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Central District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action. I hereby appoint \_\_\_\_\_[print or type full name] of \_\_\_\_\_[print or type full address and telephone number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

City and State where signed: \_\_\_\_\_

Printed name: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_